BA3320 Operations Management

EXAM 1 Solutions -Odd version - W2004 Dr. Banis							new business 🗸	+300-100=200	
	<u>Payoff (</u> \$K, NPV) Popularity			EMV	II. 1)Z=-0.85, X=685*3=3.45yrs 2)Z=0, P=50%, ExpCost=\$50	III	\frown	P=0.6	keep -100 sell
Probability	Flop 0.4	Success 0.5	Big hit 0.1		3)10+35Pr=20-15Pr; Pr=20% 4) 3*Sigma/sqrt(n)=1.5; n=16		Buy	none	-50 rent out -100+50= -50
Sell Outright	300	300	300	300	5)easy way to calculate		\top	P=0.4	-100+20=-80
Keep Royalties	200	500	800	410 **	1-Pfail		X	new business	buy +300-150=150
Develop in-house	(300)	400	3,000	380	then it comes out to		Wait	P=0.6	150 rent in +300-200=100
EMVc	300	500	3,000	670	.9375*.992*.8=0.744		wait	(90)	
EVPI=670-410 =260					_]		P=0.4		

Star would guarantee \$3,000K, otherwise EMV is 410K. the star is worth \$3,000-410 = \$2.59M. Crazy, isn't it?

	Popularity			MAX		
	Flop	Success	Big hit			
Sell Outright	0	200	2,700	2,700	TT 7	
Keep Royalties	100	0	2,200	2,200	IV	
Develop in-house	600	100	0	600**		

This strategy is usually called CYA

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1)A. .07Q+200=.02Q+1000; Q=16,000 B. .07*15K+200=.02*15K+X; X=950 1) bologna sandwich technique 2) tit-for-tat 2) get information when it's worth more than it costs

Costs in \$M as a function of repair and guaranty strategies

Selling price to make you indifferent: would have to give an EMV for buying ahead that is equal to the EMV for not buying ahead. Solve for the value that would have to be in the box for the secondary decision in the buy-ahead branch: EMV _{wait} = 90 = EMV _{buy}= $0.6 \times 200 + 0.4 \times Value$ in box.; Value in box = $(90 - 0.6 \times 200)/0.4 = -75$; For this value to be -75, the selling price would have to be 25

EVPI= EMVc - EMV= (0.6 *200 + 0.4 * 0) - 100 = 120 - 100 = 20

(the difference between the 100 it cost and the loss)

0

Bill / / Sally	Hide & Lie	cosmetic repair	Full disclosure	Sally's Minimum Cost
be open & trusting		15 / / 5	/ / 10	1
Insist on inspection	6-/	8.5 / / 13.5	- <u>1</u> / / 11	7
Insist on third party guarantees	5 /	5 / 12	5 / / 15	11
Bill's Minimum	5	5	9	-

expected stable combination 5 + 11 = 16, hide & Lie, 3rd party guarantees Minimum total cost would be 0+10 = 10, full disclosure, open & trusting Ways to stabilize might be through considering future transactions/ relationship, sharing cost-savings, just be good people (PollyAnna-ish?)